

**FWAA - Idaho
2019 Legislative Session Tracker**

BILL #	BILL TITLE	STATUS	CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION	UPDATE	POSITION
HB14	Income tax, net operating loss	Senate Local Gov. & Tax	Income tax	In 2018, HB463 authorized a deduction for IRC section 461 loss limitation related to excess business losses. This legislation aims to amend this section by subtracting the loss limitation to compute the Idaho net operating loss and limit the excess business loss.	Passed the House on 1/21, vote was 65-3-2. Referred to the Senate.	Monitor
HB16	Income tax, withholding allowance	Senate Local Gov. & Tax	Income tax	Idaho eliminated personal exemption in its 2018 tax reform. this legislation aims to conform to changes made in the 2018 tax reform by amending Idaho Code section 63-3035, in relation to employee withholding allowances, to remove the term "exemptions" and replace it with "allowances." □	Passed the House on 1/21, vote was 52-16-2 To Senate Local Govt & Tax	Monitor
HB25	Annexation, agricultural land	House 2nd Reading	Private Property	This legislation prevents the annexation of "actively devoted agricultural lands" five acres or greater without written consent from the owner.	House Local Govt sent to the floor with do pass recommendation on 1/25	Monitor
HB26	Underground Storage Tanks	House Enviro	Environment	Establishes the compliance date for certain regulations for testing and inspection of petroleum underground storage tanks (USTs) incorporated by reference by the state of Idaho in IDAPA 58.01.07.004. This conforms Idaho regulations with other states and maintains compliance of insurance contracts providing for environmental cleanup of UST's issued by the Petroleum Clean Water Trust Fund.	Printed on 1/18 and referred to House Environment	Monitor
HB50	Minimum Wage	House Ways and Means	General Business	Removes language prohibiting local governments from enacting a minimum wage rate higher than the state minimum wage.	Personal bill. Don't anticipate it moving.	Monitor
HB54	Minimum Wage, Training	House Ways and Means	General Business	Amends existing law to remove the training wage provision.	Personal bill. Don't anticipate it moving.	Monitor

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HB55	Labor, Minimum Wage Increase	House Ways and Means	General Business	This bill proposes to incrementally increase the minimum wage in Idaho from \$7.25 an hour to 8.25 an hour effective July 1, 2019; to \$10.50 an hour effective July 1, 2020; to \$12.00 an hour effective July 1, 2021. Wages for tipped employees will increase from \$3.35 per hour to \$4.35 per hour commencing July 1, 2019, \$5.85 per hour on July 1, 2020 and \$7.35 per hour commencing July 1, 2021. Beginning September 30, 2022, and on September 30 each year thereafter, the director of the Department of Labor shall calculate and adjust the minimum wage rate.	Personal bill. Don't anticipate it moving.	Monitor
S1008	Electrical apprentice, registration	Senate Commerce	Workforce	This legislation proposes to amend standards set forth in previous legislation by changing the apprentice registration from five years to one year, allow in-state and out-of- state applicants to take the electrical journeyman's examination after completing 16,000 hours, completing online employment verification forms, and allows the administrator to revive expired apprentice and limited electrical installer trainee registrations. The Division administrator will also have authority to enter into agreements with states that have equivalent standards.	Printed on 1/21 and referred to Senate Commerce & Human Resources	Monitor
S1009	Licensing, electrical installers	Senate Commerce	Workforce	This legislation creates an "electrical installer" category of licensure for apprentices that do not want to become journeymen or stay apprentices.	Printed on 1/21 and referred to Senate Commerce & Human Resources	Monitor
S1014	Plumbing contractors, journeyman	Senate Commerce	Workforce	Amends existing legislation to clarify that all plumbing contractors must be qualified journeymen.	Printed on 1/18 and referred to Senate Commerce & Human Resources	Monitor
S1024	Crop Residue Burning	Senate Ag	Clean Air and Fees	Passed in 2008, Idaho Code 39-114 requires any one planning to burn crop residue to pay a fee in an amount of two dollars per acre to the department prior to burning. To simplify the fee payment process, and at the recommendation of the Crop Residue Burning Advisory Committee, DEQ is proposing to change the timing of when fees are paid to an annual invoice structure for actual acres burned rather than a fee due when acres are registered. The change will ensure farmers do not risk paying for acres they did not burn and will remove any confusion regarding a registration fee and the actual burn approval permitting process. Additionally, it will streamline the agency's administrative processes.	Printed on 1/23 and referred to Senate Ag	Monitor